



Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Consolidated Financial Statements

September 30, 2022

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Dated November 29, 2022

Management's Comments on Unaudited Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

The accompanying unaudited consolidated interim financial statements of Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd. (the "Company") for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 have been prepared by management, reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company.

In accordance with National Instrument 51-102 released by the Canadian Securities Administrators, the Company discloses that its auditors have not reviewed the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.
Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position
As at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash	\$ -	\$ 1,388,296
Trade and other receivables (Note 4)	122,239	50,056
Inventories (Note 5)	439,707	700,617
Advances, prepaids and deposit	157,549	149,386
	<u>719,495</u>	<u>2,288,355</u>
Long-term deposits	32,124	32,124
Restricted cash (Note 6)	34,500	34,500
Property and equipment (Notes 7 and 9)	1,538,198	1,892,818
Technology license and other intangibles (Note 8)	4,833	26,583
	<u>2,329,150</u>	<u>4,274,380</u>
Total	\$ 2,329,150	\$ 4,274,380
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIENCY)		
Liabilities		
Current		
Cash deficiency	\$ 144,627	\$ -
Trade and other payables (Notes 10 and 11)	2,503,044	3,044,816
Government remittances	853,539	906,708
Loans from related parties (Note 11)	36,200	78,000
Current portion of lease liabilities (Note 9)	224,287	501,452
Short-term loans (Note 10)	123,059	183,333
Shareholder loan (Note 10)	-	32,000
	<u>3,884,756</u>	<u>4,746,309</u>
Lease liabilities (Note 9)	679,639	830,125
Total liabilities	4,564,395	5,576,434
Shareholders' equity (deficiency)		
Share capital (Note 13)	31,796,408	30,748,905
Subscriptions received in advance (receivable) (Note 13)	-	(197,509)
Share-based payment reserve (Note 13)	566,380	1,186,423
Warrant reserve (Note 13)	407,038	388,166
Deficit	(35,005,071)	(33,428,039)
Total shareholders' equity (deficiency)	<u>(2,235,245)</u>	<u>(1,302,054)</u>
Total	\$ 2,329,150	\$ 4,274,380

Nature of operations and going concern (Note 1)
Commitments (Note 14)
Contingent liabilities (Note 18)
Subsequent events (Note 21)

Approved on November 29, 2022 on behalf of the Board:

"Craig Goodwin"

Director

"Bryan Carson"

Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Consolidated Interim Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Three months ended September 30, 2022	Three months ended September 30, 2021	Nine months ended September 30, 2022	Nine months ended September 30, 2021
Revenue	\$ 92,205	\$ 149,614	\$ 249,519	\$ 619,653
Cost of sales	66,949	144,375	203,135	539,187
Gross profit	25,256	5,239	46,384	80,466
Selling and distribution expenses				
Bad debts and inventory write-down (Notes 4 and 5)	24,740	28,629	176,179	169,445
Facility	61,140	54,561	200,944	314,429
Freight and delivery	3,039	15,338	43,171	28,133
Product promotion, net of grants	55,772	62,463	136,406	77,652
	144,691	160,991	556,700	589,659
Administrative expenses				
Accounting and audit	22,738	19,500	70,259	58,500
Amortization and depreciation (Notes 7 and 8)	113,893	141,575	374,334	424,725
Bank charges and interest	15,563	48,213	71,601	159,030
Corporate promotion	15,767	11,063	82,547	68,898
Directors' fees (Note 11)	10,000	10,000	30,000	30,000
Interest on lease liabilities (Note 9)	26,379	32,868	82,784	102,767
Legal	38,351	9,547	63,848	49,695
Management and consulting fees (Note 11)	111,812	222,784	404,812	542,894
Office, rent and salaries	155,983	75,449	612,946	497,601
Transfer agent and filing fees	28,370	3,897	55,755	40,868
Travel	1,871	1,907	8,077	5,510
	540,727	576,803	1,856,963	1,980,488
Loss before other items	(660,162)	(732,555)	(2,367,279)	(2,489,681)
Other items				
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(13,673)	(3,025)	(21,074)	(2,252)
Interest and other income	40	2	120	300
Gain on sale of equipment	-	-	-	5,067
Gain on settlement of lease liability	170,142	-	170,142	-
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	\$ (503,653)	\$ (735,578)	\$ (2,218,091)	\$ (2,486,566)
Basic and diluted loss per common share	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.10)	\$ (0.17)
Weighted average shares outstanding	22,041,631	14,574,649	21,986,907	14,229,143

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Cash Flow

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Three months ended September 30, 2022	Three months ended September 30, 2021	Nine months ended September 30, 2022	Nine months ended September 30, 2021
Operating activities				
Net loss for the period	\$ (503,653)	\$ (735,578)	\$(2,218,091)	\$(2,486,566)
Items not affecting cash:				
Amortization and depreciation	113,893	141,575	374,334	424,725
Shares issued for services	-	-	20,000	-
Shares for debt	-	255,225	-	255,225
Interest on lease liabilities	27,013	32,868	85,392	102,767
Interest on short-term loan	6,302	4,166	7,329	16,664
Bad debts and inventory write-down	24,740	28,629	176,179	169,445
Gain on settlement of lease liability	(170,142)	-	(170,142)	-
Gain on sale of equipment	-	-	-	(5,067)
	(501,847)	(273,115)	(1,724,999)	(1,522,807)
Changes in non-cash working capital:				
Trade and other receivables	(4,130)	31,712	(72,183)	255,680
Inventories	71,430	10,457	84,731	62,475
Advances, prepaids and deposits	(31,500)	(47,008)	(8,163)	(23,926)
Restricted cash	-	(42,000)	-	(85,000)
Trade and other payables	231,186	321,655	(549,101)	306,069
Government remittances	26,712	11,545	(53,169)	223,073
Cash used in operating activities	(208,149)	13,246	(2,322,884)	(784,436)
Investing activities				
Purchase of property and equipment	(23,811)	-	(127,040)	-
Disposal of property and equipment	-	-	-	7,500
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(23,811)	-	(127,040)	7,500
Financing activities				
Lease payments	(69,099)	(71,853)	(213,825)	(215,558)
Loan payable	36,200	-	36,200	23,000
Proceeds on issuances of loans	-	-	(170,274)	(16,667)
Subscriptions received	-	123,000	-	123,000
Proceeds on issuances of shares	-	-	1,264,900	-
Proceeds from options and warrants exercised	-	-	-	757,845
Cash provided by financing activities	(32,899)	51,147	917,001	671,620
Net change in cash	(264,859)	64,393	(1,532,923)	(105,316)
Cash, beginning of year	120,232	32,625	1,388,296	202,334
Cash (deficiency), end of the period	\$ (144,627)	\$ 97,018	\$ (144,627)	\$ 97,018

Supplemental Cash Flow Information (Note 17)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Equity (Deficiency)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Common shares	Share capital	Subscriptions received in advance/ (receivable)	Option reserves	Warrant reserves	Deficit	Total equity (deficiency)
Balance at December 31, 2020	13,611,134	\$ 28,131,158	\$ -	\$ 1,266,900	\$ 607,781	\$ (30,953,353)	\$ (947,514)
Shares for debt	243,072	255,225	-	-	-	-	255,225
Warrants exercised	918,600	757,845	-	-	-	-	757,845
Subscriptions received in advance	-	-	123,000	-	-	-	123,000
Warrants and options expired or cancelled	-	-	-	-	(295,129)	295,129	-
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(2,486,566)	(2,486,566)
Balance at September 30, 2021	14,772,806	\$ 29,144,228	\$ 123,000	\$ 1,266,900	\$ 312,652	\$ (33,144,790)	\$ (2,298,010)
Private placement	4,778,923	1,792,096	(319,964)	-	358,419	-	1,830,551
Share issuance costs - cash	-	(69,303)	-	-	-	-	(69,303)
Share issuance costs - warrants	-	(8,734)	-	-	8,734	-	-
Subscriptions received in advance	-	-	(545)	-	-	-	(545)
Shares for debt	-	(109,382)	-	-	-	-	(109,382)
Warrants exercised	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Warrants and options expired or cancelled	-	-	-	(80,477)	(291,639)	372,116	-
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(655,365)	(655,365)
Balance at December 31, 2021	19,551,729	\$ 30,748,905	\$ (197,509)	\$ 1,186,423	\$ 388,166	\$ (33,428,039)	\$ (1,302,054)
Private placement	2,445,458	1,100,456	197,509	-	-	-	1,297,965
Share issuance costs - cash	-	(33,065)	-	-	-	-	(33,065)
Share issuance costs - warrants	-	(39,888)	-	-	39,888	-	-
Shares issued for services	44,444	20,000	-	-	-	-	20,000
Option expired or forfeited	-	-	-	(620,043)	(21,016)	641,059	-
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(2,218,091)	(2,218,091)
Balance at September 30, 2022	22,041,631	\$ 31,796,408	\$ -	\$ 566,380	\$ 407,038	\$ (35,005,071)	\$ (2,235,245)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd. (“Naturally Splendid” or the “Company”) was incorporated under the laws of the province of British Columbia on December 21, 2010.

The Company is in the natural food industry and sells food and ingredients to commercial processors and consumers by distribution through grocery stores, health and nutrition stores and online. Materials are sourced in bulk and repackaged at the Company’s facility with its unique branding under the Company’s name. Current products are hemp-based food items that are both conventional and organic, including whole grains and protein powders. Product sales are supported through a combination of direct and online sales and distribution channels.

The head office, principal address, and registered and records office are located at 108-19100 Airport Way Pitt Meadows, British Columbia, Canada V3Y 0E2.

On September 22, 2022, the Company had a share consolidation of 15:1.

The Company’s consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company had a net loss and comprehensive loss of \$2,218,091 (2021 - \$2,486,566) and a working capital deficit of \$3,165,261 (December 31, 2021 - \$2,457,954). The Company remains reliant on external sources of financing to fund operations and meet the Company’s obligations.

Management cannot provide assurance that the Company will ultimately achieve profitable operations or positive cash flow. The Company’s continuation as a going concern is dependent on its ability to attain profitable operations and raise additional capital. These matters indicate the existence of material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. These consolidated financial statements do not reflect the adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities, the reported revenues and expenses and the consolidated statement of financial position classifications that would be necessary if the going concern assumption was inappropriate. Such adjustments could be material.

Since March 2020, COVID-19 has resulted in governments worldwide enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. These measures, which include the implementation of travel bans, self-imposed quarantine periods and physical distancing, have caused material disruption to business globally resulting in an economic slowdown. The Company’s production processes were halted during government-imposed lockdowns, resulting in decline in sales. The full extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the Company’s operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak. There can be no assurance that the Company will not be further impacted by adverse consequences that may be brought about by the COVID-19 pandemic on global financial markets which may reduce share prices and financial liquidity, thereby severely limiting the financing capital available.

The Canadian government offered the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy (“CEWS”) to assist businesses that were impacted by COVID-19 during the period between March 15, 2020, and October 23, 2021. The Company was no longer eligible to receive the federal government assistance and received \$Nil from January 1 to September 30, 2022 (2021 - \$343,182 from January 1 to September 30, 2021).

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. Basis of Presentation

a) Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”).

The consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on the date noted on the consolidated statements of financial position.

b) Basis of presentation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair value, as explained in Note 12. These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company’s and its subsidiaries’ functional currency. These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the following entities:

	<u>Relationship</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.	Parent	100%
Naturally Splendid Foods Ltd. (“NSF”)	Subsidiary	100%
Naturally Splendid Extracts Ltd. (“Extracts”)	Subsidiary	100%
Naturally Splendid USA Ltd.	Subsidiary	100%
Prosnack Natural Foods Inc. (“Prosnack”)	Subsidiary	100%

At the end of 2021, the following subsidiaries were amalgamated into a new entity, NSF:

Naturally Splendid Enterprises 2013 Ltd.	Subsidiary	100%
Chi Hemp Industries Inc. (“Chi”)	Subsidiary	100%
Naturally Splendid Hemp Processors Ltd. (“NSHP”)	Subsidiary	100%

All the entities above are incorporated in Canada, with the exception of Naturally Splendid USA Ltd., which is incorporated in the United States of America. The consolidated financial statements include the operating results of subsidiaries from the date of acquisition. All intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated on consolidation. Control is based on whether an investor has power over the investee, exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of returns.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

a) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of production cost and net realizable value. Production costs include direct and indirect labour, operating materials and supplies, transportation costs, and an appropriate portion of fixed and variable overhead expenses. Inventories are accounted for on a first-in, first-out basis. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Supplies used in the production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost.

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

b) Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost of an item of property and equipment consists of the purchase price, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for its intended use and an initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write-off the cost of property and equipment, less their estimated residual value, using the declining-balance or straight-line method at the following annual rates:

Computer equipment	55% declining-balance
Computer software	30% declining-balance
Furniture and equipment	20% declining-balance
Manufacturing facility	Straight-line over the lease term of 8-10 years
Leasehold improvements	Straight-line over 5 years
Manufacturing equipment	20% declining-balance
Vehicle	Straight-line over 1 year

The manufacturing facility includes the Company's operating premise leases which were capitalized in accordance with IFRS 16 *Leases* ("IFRS 16") (Note 9). These leases are depreciated over the term of the lease agreements.

Property and equipment are derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal of the asset, determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, is recognized in profit or loss.

c) Revenue recognition

The Company generates its revenue from sales to retailers, online web sales, bulk sales, and co-packing revenues. Revenues from the sale of goods via retailers, online web sales, bulk sales and co-packing have a single performance obligation and are recognized at the point in time when control transfers and the obligation has been fulfilled, which is upon shipment to the customer. The amount of revenue recognized is based on a contractual price and is recorded net of sales discounts, if any.

d) Share-based payments

Share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the instruments issued at the grant date and recognized over the vesting periods using the graded vesting method. Share-based payments to non-employees are measured at the fair value of goods or services received. If it is determined that the fair value of goods and services received cannot be reliably measured, the share-based expense is measured at the fair value of the equity instruments issued. For both employees and non-employees, the fair value of share-based expense is measured using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and is recognized in profit or loss, with a corresponding increase in reserves. When options expire unexercised or are cancelled, these amounts are reclassified into deficit.

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

e) Loss per share

Loss per share is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. The Company uses the treasury stock method to compute the dilutive effect of options, warrants and similar instruments. The calculation of diluted earnings per share assumes that outstanding options and warrants are exercised, and the proceeds are used to repurchase shares of the Company at the average market price of the shares for the period. Diluted loss per share is not presented if the effects are anti-dilutive.

f) Accounting for equity units

Proceeds received on the issuance of units, consisting of common shares and warrants, are allocated first to common shares based on the market trading price of the common shares, and any excess is allocated to warrants. Share issue costs are deducted against share proceeds.

g) Research and development

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Product development expenditures are expensed as incurred until such time that they meet certain specific criteria for deferral and amortization. Management assesses whether it has met such criteria at each reporting date. In making the assessment, management considers the status of the product development, regulatory submissions, marketing and finance plans. The Company has not deferred any product development expenditures to date. Research and development expenses are included in product promotion costs under selling and distribution expenses.

h) Technology license and other intangibles

Intangible assets acquired are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization and any impairment losses. Intangible assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting date or more frequently if changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. In addition to impairment indicator assessments, indefinite life intangibles must be tested annually for impairment. Amortization for intangible assets with finite lives is calculated on a straight-line basis over the life of the asset less its residual value. The Company's amortization policy for intangible assets with finite lives is as follows:

Technology License – 15 years
Non-compete clauses – 2 years
Licensed IP – 10 years
Brands and trademarks – 5 years
Customer lists – 5 years

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

i) Leases

At the inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease based on whether the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset (the ROU), the Company assesses whether the contract involves the use of an identified asset, either explicitly or implicitly, including consideration of supplier substitution rights, the Company has the right to obtain substantially all the economic benefits from the use of the asset throughout the period of use; and whether the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

The Company applies the exemption not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases relating to low-value assets. The ROU asset is initially measured based on the initial amount of the lease liability plus any initial direct costs incurred less any lease incentives received. The ROU asset is depreciated to the end-of-the-useful-life or the lease term, whichever comes earlier, using the straight-line method. The lease term includes periods covered by an option to extend if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise the option. The ROU asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method and remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments.

The lease liability is subsequently increased by the interest cost on the lease liability and decreased by lease payments made. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or a rate, a change in the estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or as appropriate, changes in the assessment of whether a purchase or extension option is reasonably certain to be exercised or a termination option is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

j) Government Assistance

Government assistance, including government assistance under federal COVID-19 response programs, is recorded as a reduction to administrative salaries, fees and benefits as they are received, provided there is reasonable assurance that the assistance will not be repayable; otherwise, they are recorded as a liability.

k) Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and further periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Critical accounting estimates

Critical accounting estimates are estimates and assumptions made by management that may result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year and include, but are not limited to, the following:

Recoverability of receivables

Provisions are made against accounts that, in the estimation of management, may be uncollectible. The recoverability assessment of trade and other receivables is based on a range of factors, including the age of the receivable and the creditworthiness of the customer. The provision is assessed monthly, with a detailed formal review of balances and security being conducted annually. Determining the recoverability of an account involves estimation and judgment as to the likely financial condition of the customer and their ability to subsequently make payments. To the extent that future events impact the financial condition of the customers, these provisions could vary significantly.

Valuation of inventory

Management makes estimates of future customer demand for products when establishing appropriate provisions for inventory obsolescence. In making these estimates, management considers the shelf-life of inventory and the profitability of recent sales.

Useful lives of property, equipment and intangibles

Depreciation and amortization of the Company's equipment and intangible assets incorporate estimates of useful lives and residual values. These estimates may change as market conditions change and the future economic benefits from the use of the asset changes, thereby impacting the useful life and residual value of the equipment or intangible asset. Any revisions to useful life are accounted for prospectively.

Share-based payments

The fair value of share-based payments is subject to the limitations of the Black-Scholes option pricing model that incorporates market data and involves uncertainty in estimates used by management in the assumptions. As the Black-Scholes option pricing model requires the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected volatility of the Company's share prices and expected forfeiture rates, changes in subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate.

Leases

The Company estimates the lease term by considering the facts and circumstances that can create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option by assessing relevant factors such as store profitability. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated). The assessment of the lease term is reviewed if a significant event or a significant change in circumstance occurs, which affects this assessment and that is within the control of the lessee. The Company estimates the incremental borrowing rate used to measure our lease liability for each lease contract. This includes estimation in determining the asset-specific security impact.

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Critical accounting judgments

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements include, but are not limited to, the following:

Recovery of deferred tax assets

The Company estimates the expected manner and timing of the realization or settlement of the carrying value of its tax assets and liabilities and applies tax rates that are enacted or substantively enacted on the estimated dates of realization or settlement.

Determination of cash-generating units (“CGU”)

CGUs are defined as the lowest grouping of integrated assets that generate identifiable cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash flows of other assets or groups of assets. The classification of assets into CGUs requires significant judgment and interpretations with respect to the integration between assets, the existence of active markets, external users and the way in which management monitors the Company’s operations.

Impairment of property and equipment, technology license and other intangibles and goodwill

Judgment is required in determining whether property and equipment, technology license and other intangibles have indicators of impairment. Determining the amount of impairment of property and equipment, technology license, and other intangibles and goodwill requires an estimation of the recoverable amount, which is defined as the higher of fair value less the cost of disposal or value in use. Many factors used in assessing recoverable amounts are outside of the control of management and it is reasonably likely that assumptions and estimates will change from period to period. These changes may result in future impairments.

Going concern

The assessment of the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern and to raise sufficient funds to pay its ongoing operating expenditures and meet its liabilities for the ensuing year involves significant judgment based on historical experience and other factors, including the expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Application of IFRS 16

The Company applies judgment in determining whether the contract contains an identified asset, whether the Company has the right to control the asset, the lease term and an appropriate discount rate. The lease term is based on considering facts and circumstances, both qualitative and quantitative, that can create economic incentive to exercise renewal options.

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Determination of functional currency

The functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which an entity operates and has been determined for each entity within the Company. The functional currency for the Company and its subsidiaries has been determined to be the Canadian dollar.

l) Income taxes

Deferred tax is calculated on all temporary differences at the statement of financial position date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all temporary taxable differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those temporary deductible differences can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities, and the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

m) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the Company's assets is reviewed for an indication of impairment at the end of each reporting period. If an indication of impairment exists, the Company makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount. Individual assets are grouped for impairment assessment purposes at the lowest level at which there are identifiable cash flows that are largely independent of the cash flows of other groups of assets. The recoverable amount of an asset group is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are adjusted for the risks specific to the asset group and are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money.

Where the carrying amount of an asset group exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset group is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of amortization if no impairment loss had been recognized.

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

n) Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of resources that can be reliably estimated will be required to settle the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

o) Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the functional currency at the rate in effect at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the spot rate of exchange in effect at the reporting date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate as at the date of the initial transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. All exchange differences are recorded in profit and loss.

p) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized on the consolidated statements of financial position when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

The following is the Company's accounting policy for financial instruments under IFRS 9:

Classification

The Company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories: at fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"), at fair value through other comprehensive income (loss) ("FVTOCI") or at amortized cost. The Company determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition. The classification of debt instruments is driven by the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics. Equity instruments that are held for trading are classified as FVTPL. For other equity instruments, on the day of acquisition the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate them as at FVTOCI. Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVTPL (such as instruments held for trading or derivatives) or if the Company has opted to measure them at FVTPL.

The Company's financial assets and liabilities are classified as follows:

Asset or Liability	Classification
Cash	FVTPL
Restricted cash	FVTPL
Advances and deposits	Amortized cost
Trade and other receivables	Amortized cost
Trade and other payables	Amortized cost
Loan from related party	Amortized cost
Short-term loans	Amortized cost
Lease liabilities	Amortized cost

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement

Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost

Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost are initially recognized at fair value plus or minus transaction costs, respectively, and subsequently carried at amortized cost less any impairment.

Financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL

Financial assets and liabilities carried at FVTPL are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss. Realized and unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities held at FVTPL are included in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss in the period in which they arise.

Debt investments at FVOCI

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets at amortized cost

The Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost. At each reporting date, the Company measures the loss allowance for the financial asset at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. If at the reporting date, the financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for the financial asset at an amount equal to the twelve month expected credit losses. The Company shall recognize in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss, as an impairment gain or loss, the amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized.

Derecognition

Financial assets

The Company derecognizes financial assets only when the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial assets expire, or when it transfers the financial assets and substantially all of the associated risks and rewards of ownership to another entity.

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expired. The Company also derecognizes a financial liability when the terms of the liability are modified such that the terms and / or cash flows of the modified instrument are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value. Gains and losses on derecognition are generally recognized in profit or loss.

Fair value hierarchy

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of the three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

4. Trade and Other Receivables

The Company's trade and other receivables arise from two main sources: trade receivables due from customers and Goods and Services Tax/Harmonized Sales Tax ("GST/HST") due from the government authorities. These are as follows:

	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
GST/HST receivable	\$ 110,648	\$ 42,078
Trade receivables	11,591	7,978
	\$ 122,239	\$ 50,056

Included in trade receivables is an allowance for uncollectible accounts as at September 30, 2022 of \$74,041 (December 31, 2021 - \$74,041). During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company recorded a recovery of bad debt from the prior year of \$14,751, which was collected during the year ended December 31, 2021.

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

5. Inventories

	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Finished products for resale	\$ 307,829	\$ 434,298
Raw materials	5,888	29,486
Containers, labels and packing materials	125,990	236,833
	\$ 439,707	\$ 700,617

During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company recorded a write-down to inventory of \$176,179 (2021 - \$96,283) relating to expired goods and estimated net realizable value of inventories being lower than cost.

6. Restricted Cash

The Company has deposited funds in interest-bearing term deposits with its principal banker as security against corporate credit cards. As at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the amount of these deposits is \$34,500.

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

7. Property and Equipment

The changes in the Company's property and equipment for the period ended September 30, 2022 and the year ended December 31, 2021 are as follows:

	Computer equipment and software	Furniture and equipment	Manufacturing facility and leasehold improvements	Manufacturing equipment	Vehicle	Total
Cost						
December 31, 2020	\$ 105,047	\$ 308,916	\$ 1,988,661	\$ 2,061,694	\$ 9,576	\$ 4,473,894
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposition	-	-	-	(19,777)	(9,576)	(29,353)
December 31, 2021	\$ 105,047	\$ 308,916	\$ 1,988,661	\$ 2,041,917	\$ -	\$ 4,444,541
Additions	-	-	-	127,040	-	127,040
Disposition	-	-	-	(351,303)	-	(351,303)
September 30, 2022	\$ 105,047	\$ 308,916	\$ 1,988,661	\$ 1,817,654	\$ -	\$ 4,220,278
Depreciation						
December 31, 2020	\$ 101,914	\$ 174,400	\$ 650,732	\$ 1,104,720	\$ 9,576	\$ 2,041,342
Additions	1,833	23,811	304,296	207,361	-	537,301
Disposition	-	-	-	(17,344)	(9,576)	(26,920)
December 31, 2021	\$ 103,747	\$ 198,211	\$ 955,028	\$ 1,294,737	\$ -	\$ 2,551,723
Additions	619	14,287	210,758	126,920	-	352,584
Disposition	-	-	-	(222,227)	-	(222,227)
September 30, 2022	\$ 104,366	\$ 212,498	\$ 1,165,786	\$ 1,199,430	\$ -	\$ 2,682,080
Net Book Value						
December 31, 2021	\$ 1,300	\$ 110,705	\$ 1,033,633	\$ 747,180	\$ -	\$ 1,892,818
September 30, 2022	\$ 681	\$ 96,418	\$ 822,875	\$ 618,224	\$ -	\$ 1,538,198

Included within the manufacturing facility are the right-of-use assets recognized for the Company's operating premise leases. Included within manufacturing equipment are food packaging and production equipment under lease (Note 9).

Depreciation expense recognized for the operating premise lease for the nine months ended September 30, 2022, was \$133,815 (2021 - \$133,815). The net carrying value of the operating premise lease as at September 30, 2022, was \$683,945 (December 31, 2021 - \$817,760).

Depreciation expense recognized for food packaging and production equipment leases for the three months ended September 30, 2022, was \$52,785 (2021 - \$107,408). The net carrying value of food packaging and production equipment leases as at September 30, 2022, was \$24,869 (December 31, 2021 - \$99,001).

During the period ended September 30, 2022, the Company settled its lease liability of \$299,217 with the lessor of the food packaging equipment to retain equipment equal to the partial lease payments made and to return equipment to the lessor equal to the balance of unpaid lease payments, resulting in a gain on settlement of debt of \$170,142 (Note 9).

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

8. Technology License and Other Intangibles

The changes in the Company's technology license and other intangibles for the period ended September 30, 2022 and the year ended December 31, 2021 are as follows:

	Technology License	Non-compete Clauses	Licensed IP	Brands & Trademarks	Customer Lists	Total
Cost						
December 31, 2020 and 2021 and September 30, 2022	\$ 1,486,425	\$ 40,926	\$ 200,000	\$ 151,000	\$ 256,000	\$ 2,134,351
Amortization						
December 31, 2020	\$ 1,486,425	\$ 40,926	\$ 200,000	\$ 95,417	\$ 256,000	\$ 2,078,768
Additions	-	-	-	29,000	-	29,000
December 31, 2021	\$ 1,486,425	\$ 40,926	\$ 200,000	\$ 124,417	\$ 256,000	\$ 2,107,768
Additions	-	-	-	21,750	-	21,750
September 30, 2022	\$ 1,486,425	\$ 40,926	\$ 200,000	\$ 146,167	\$ 256,000	\$ 2,129,518
Net Book Value						
December 31, 2021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,583	\$ -	\$ 26,583
September 30, 2022	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,833	\$ -	\$ 4,833

Brands and Trademarks

Brands and Trademarks were acquired together with the acquisition of Prosnack in 2017.

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company acquired the Woods Wild Bar brand and bar recipe at a fair value of \$6,000.

9. Leases

The following is the continuity of lease liabilities as at and for the periods ended September 30, 2022, and December 31, 2020, and 2021:

	Equipment Leases	Operating Premise Lease	Total
Balance, December 31, 2020	\$ 367,833	\$ 1,117,460	\$ 1,485,293
Lease payments	(17,068)	(270,854)	(287,922)
Interest on lease liabilities	7,865	126,341	134,206
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$ 358,630	\$ 972,947	\$ 1,331,577
Settlement of lease liability	(299,217)	-	(299,217)
Lease payments	(9,146)	(204,680)	(213,826)
Interest on lease liabilities	2,608	82,784	85,392
Balance, September 30, 2022	\$ 52,875	\$ 851,051	\$ 903,926
Current portion	\$ 41,855	\$ 182,432	224,287
Long-term portion	11,020	668,619	679,639
Total	\$ 52,875	\$ 851,051	\$ 903,926

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

9. Leases (continued)

Equipment Leases

The Company has various lease contracts outstanding for food packaging equipment and production equipment. Following the final lease payments, the Company will own the equipment free and clear of all encumbrances. The aggregate interest expense recognized for these lease contracts is \$2,608 (2021 - \$6,380). These assets are included within manufacturing equipment under property and equipment on the consolidated statements of financial position.

During the period ended September 30, 2022, the Company settled its lease liability of \$299,217 with the lessor of the food packaging equipment to retain equipment equal to the partial lease payments made and to return equipment to the lessor equal to the balance of unpaid lease payments, resulting in a gain on settlement of debt of \$170,142 (Note 7).

As at September 30, 2022, the Company has the following lease contracts for food packaging and production equipment:

- (a) Food production equipment acquired from NHSP – monthly lease payments of \$3,141 (including GST) until September 2020, of which \$22,845 remains unpaid;
- (b) Food packaging equipment – monthly lease payments of \$851 (including GST) until March 22, 2024; and
- (c) Food packaging equipment – monthly lease payments of \$643 (including GST) until August 2024.

Annual payments are due as follows:

	September 30, 2022
Within 1 year	\$ 43,786
Within 2 - 5 years	11,415
	\$ 55,201

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

9. Leases (continued)

Operating Premise Leases

The Company has three leases for contiguous space. The leases were entered in August 2016, December 2017 and October 2018. The combined basic rent is payable monthly in advance at a rate of \$13,497 per month plus the proportionate share of expenses in respect of operating costs and property taxes, currently amounting to \$7,823 per month.

The Company recognized right-of-use assets for its operating premise leases (Note 3). The aggregate interest expense recognized for these lease contracts is \$82,784 (2021 – \$96,387). These assets are included within the manufacturing facility under property and equipment on the consolidated statements of financial position.

Annual payments are due as follows:

	September 30, 2022
Within 1 year	\$ 274,739
Within 2 - 5 years	792,294
	\$ 1,067,033

10. Short-Term Loans

During the year ended December 31, 2020, Sky High Metals Inc. loaned \$200,000 to the Company as an unsecured, due-on-demand loan with interest at 12.5% per annum commencing August 31, 2020 with a maturity date of August 31, 2021. This loan has been personally guaranteed by the CEO and the CFO of the Company. During the period ended September 30, 2022, the Company incurred interest expense of \$27,055 (2021 - \$16,664) on this short-term loan. During the period ended September 30, 2022, the Company made payments on this loan of \$96,667, of which \$36,393 was applied to the interest owing, and \$60,274 was applied to the principal balance. As at September 30, 2022, the principal loan balance was \$123,059 (December 31, 2021 – \$183,333), and the interest payable was \$7,329 (December 31, 2021 – \$16,667), which is included in accrued liabilities.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, a shareholder advanced \$32,000 in total to the Company as an unsecured, due-on-demand loan with no interest. The loan is repaid in full during the period ended September 30, 2022.

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

11. Key Management Compensation and Related Party Transactions

Key management compensation

	September 30, 2022	September 30, 2021
Management fees	\$ 305,063	\$391,563
Consulting fees	147,000	43,883
Shares for services	-	86,633
Directors' fees	30,000	23,843
	\$ 482,063	\$ 545,922

- i) Management fees of \$108,000 (2021 – \$135,000) were accrued for 1105953 B.C. Ltd., a company controlled by the Company's Chief Executive Officer.
- ii) Management fees of \$108,000 (2021 – \$135,000) were for Kal-Mad Enterprises Ltd., a company controlled by the Company's Vice President of Operations.
- iii) Management fee of \$89,063 (2021 - \$89,063) were accrued for the Company's Director of Sales.
- iv) Consulting fees of \$108,000 (2021 – \$48,750) were accrued, to the former Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Financial Officer for monthly consulting services.
- v) Consulting fees of \$Nil (2021 - \$Nil) were accrued for Alastair Gregor, the Company's Executive Chef.
- vi) Consulting fees of \$39,000 (2021 - \$49,000) were accrued for Kris Tarr, the Company's VP of Ecommerce.
- vii) Fees accrued to directors of the Company amount to \$30,000 (2021 - \$30,000).

Key management personnel were not paid post-employment benefits, termination benefits or other long-term benefits during the periods ended September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

Related party liabilities

The following amounts are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities as at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2021:

	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Amounts due to:		
1105953 BC Ltd.	\$ 185,158	\$ 240,508
Kal-Mad Enterprises Ltd.	83,650	128,935
Agrinomics I.T. Consulting Ltd.	95,163	100,163
George Ragogna	77,424	54,563
Craig Goodwin, CEO & Director	-	10,783
Directors	7,875	7,167
Director of Sales	-	259
VP of Ecommerce	45,500	55,634
Executive Chef	25,410	25,095
Sead Hamzagic	-	1,963
Total related party payables	\$ 520,180	\$ 625,070

As at September 30, 2022, \$20,500 (December 31, 2021 – \$55,000) is due to the CEO, of the Company for a non-interest-bearing, short-term loan.

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

11. Key Management Compensation and Related Party Transactions (continued)

As at September 30, 2022, \$15,700 (December 31, 2021 – \$23,000) is due to the CFO, and chairman of the Company for a non-interest-bearing, short-term loan.

\$55,000 and \$23,000 loans to the CEO and the CFO, respectively, were repaid during the period ended September 30, 2022.

12. Financial Instruments

a) Categories of financial instruments

Financial Assets	Fair Value Hierarchy	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Fair value through profit or loss, at fair value			
Cash (deficiency)	Level 1	\$ (144,627)	\$ 1,388,296
Restricted cash	Level 1	34,500	34,500
Loans and receivables, at amortized cost			
Trade and other receivables		11,591	7,978
Advances and deposits		157,549	149,386
		\$ 59,013	\$ 1,580,160

Financial Liabilities	Fair Value Hierarchy	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Other liabilities, at amortized cost			
Trade and other payables		\$ 2,503,044	\$ 3,044,816
Loans from related parties		36,200	78,000
Short-term loans		123,059	183,333
Shareholder loan		-	32,000
Lease liabilities		903,926	1,331,577
		\$ 3,566,229	\$ 4,669,726

b) Fair value

The fair value recorded on initial recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost is determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis or using prices from observable current market transactions. The carrying value of cash, trade and other payables, loan from related party and short-term loans approximate their fair value due the short-term maturity of these instruments.

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

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12. Financial Instruments (Continued)

c) Management of financial risks

The Company examines the various financial instrument risks to which it is exposed and assesses the impact and likelihood of these risks. These risks arise from the normal course of operations and all transactions undertaken are to support the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner. The risks associated with these consolidated financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist of cash, trade and other receivables, and restricted cash. The Company deposits cash with major Canadian commercial banks. In order to reduce its credit risk in relation to trade receivables, the Company has adopted credit policies that include the analysis of the financial position of its customers and the regular review of their respective credit limits.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will be unable to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company is reliant upon equity issuances and loans as its main sources of cash. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining an adequate level of cash to meet its ongoing obligations. The Company continuously reviews its actual expenditures, forecasts cash flows and matches the maturity dates of its cash to capital and operating needs. The Company's trade and other payables are due within 90 days of September 30, 2022, a loan from a related party and short-term loans are due on demand. The Company's lease liabilities have payments due in accordance with the lease agreements (Note 9).

The Company has been successful in raising financing in the past; however, there is no assurance that it will be able to do so in the future. As at September 30, 2022, the Company had a working capital deficit of \$3,165,261 (December 31, 2021 – \$2,457,954).

Currency risk

The Company is exposed to financial risk related to the fluctuation of foreign exchange rates. A significant change in the exchange rate between the Canadian dollar relative to the US dollar could have an effect on the Company's future results of operations, financial position or cash flows. The Company has not hedged its exposure to currency fluctuations. As at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company is exposed to currency risk through the following financial instruments denominated in a currency other than the Canadian dollar:

	September 30, 2022			December 31, 2021		
	US \$	AUD \$	CDN \$	US \$	AUD \$	CDN \$
Cash	205	-	280	666	-	846
Trade receivables	330	-	452	330	-	420
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	159,253	-	218,010	184,998	188,491	408,680

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

12. Financial Instruments (Continued)

Based on the above, assuming all other variables remain constant, a 5% strengthening or weakening of the Canadian dollar against the US dollar would have decreased/increased the Company's loss and comprehensive loss by \$7,989. A 5% strengthening or weakening of the Canadian dollar against the AUD dollar would have decreased/increased the Company's loss and comprehensive loss by \$Nil.

Other risk

Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant interest, currency or other risk. The Company does not hold or issue financial instruments for trading purposes, nor does it utilize derivative instruments in the management of foreign currency, commodity price or interest rate market risks.

13. Share Capital

a) Authorized

Unlimited number of common shares and preferred shares without par value.

b) Issued and outstanding

The total issued, and outstanding share capital consists of 22,041,631 common shares without par value.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company completed the following transactions:

- On January 7, 2022, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement (the "Offering") to issue 2,446,458 units (each a "Unit") at a price of \$0.45 per Unit for total gross proceeds of \$1,100,456. Each Unit comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant ("Warrant"), with each Warrant entitling the holder to purchase one additional common share at \$0.75 per share for a period of two years from the date of the issue. The fair value of the Warrants was determined to be \$Nil using the residual value method, with \$1,120,456 being the fair value of the shares. \$122,455 proceeds from this issuance were received during the year ended December 31, 2021.
- 44,444 units valued at \$20,000 with the same terms as the Offering were issued for services.
- Share issuance costs consisting of cash costs of \$33,065 were incurred, and 141,633 finders' warrants with a fair value of \$39,888 were issued in connection to the financings.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company completed the following transactions:

- 918,600 warrants at \$0.825 were exercised for total gross proceeds of \$757,845.
- On December 23, 2021, the Company closed the Offering to issue 4,778,923 units at a price of \$0.45 per Unit for total gross proceeds of \$2,150,515. Each Unit is comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant, with each Warrant entitling the holder to purchase one additional common share at \$0.75 per share for a period of two years from the date of the issue. The fair value of the Warrants was determined to be \$358,419 using the residual value method, with \$1,792,096 being the fair value of the shares. \$319,964 relating to the Offering was received subsequent to year-end.
- 243,072 shares valued at \$145,843 were issued to settle debt of \$255,225, resulting in a gain on settlement of debt of \$109,382.

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

13. Share Capital (Continued)

- Share issuance costs consisting of cash costs of \$69,303 were incurred, and 39,667 finders' warrants with a fair value of \$8,734 were issued in connection to the financings.

c) Options and share-based payments

The following is a summary of changes in stock options for the periods ended September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

	September 30, 2022		December 31, 2021	
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding, beginning of year	947,000	\$ 2.17	947,000	\$ 2.17
Granted	-	\$ -	-	\$ -
Expired	(86,000)	\$ 5.25	-	\$ -
Forfeited	(218,333)	\$ 2.28	-	\$ -
Total outstanding and exercisable, end of period	642,667	\$ 1.72	947,000	\$ 2.17

The following are the outstanding stock options as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

Expiry date	Number of options outstanding September 30, 2022	Number of options outstanding December 31, 2021	Weighted average exercise price	Weighted average remaining contractual life in years September 30, 2022	Weighted average remaining contractual life in years December 31, 2021
January 27, 2022	-	86,000	\$5.250	-	0.07
November 27, 2022	-	12,667	\$3.750	-	0.91
January 7, 2023	30,000	39,000	\$4.650	0.01	1.02
January 31, 2023	-	2,000	\$5.250	-	1.08
February 21, 2023	-	10,000	\$4.500	-	1.14
February 28, 2023	-	2,666	\$3.975	-	1.16
July 11, 2023	-	4,000	\$2.700	-	1.53
September 17, 2023	64,000	126,000	\$2.250	0.10	1.71
February 4, 2024	-	4,000	\$2.250	-	2.10
February 6, 2024	-	4,000	\$2.250	-	2.10
June 24, 2024	-	16,667	\$2.250	-	2.48
October 25, 2025	548,667	640,000	\$1.500	2.63	3.82
	642,667	947,000		2.74	2.96

During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company recognized share-based payments expense of \$nil (2021 - \$nil) of stock options granted during the period.

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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13. Share Capital (Continued)

The fair value of each option granted was estimated as at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Risk-free interest rate	N/A	N/A
Expected life (years)	N/A	N/A
Annualized volatility	N/A	N/A
Expected dividends	N/A	N/A
Exercise price	N/A	N/A
Fair value	N/A	N/A

d) Warrants

A summary of the Company's warrants for the period ended September 30, 2022 and the year ended December 31, 2021 is as follows:

	September 30, 2022		December 31, 2021	
	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding, beginning of year	7,250,617	\$ 0.80	5,310,026	\$ 0.90
Issued	4,436,780	\$ 0.75	4,818,590	\$ 0.75
Exercised	-	\$ -	(918,600)	\$ 0.90
Cancelled/ expired	(2,432,028)	\$ 0.90	(1,959,399)	\$ 2.25
Total outstanding, end of year	9,255,369	\$ 0.78	7,250,617	\$ 0.80

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

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13. Share Capital (Continued)

The following are the outstanding warrants as at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

	Outstanding warrants September 30, 2022	Outstanding warrants December 31, 2021	Exercise price	Expiry date
Common share purchase warrants	1,805,244	1,805,244	\$0.90	⁽¹⁾ June 5, 2023
	-	581,806	\$0.90	September 25, 2022
	4,778,923	4,778,923	\$0.75	December 20, 2023
	2,489,902	-	\$0.75	January 7, 2024
Agent warrants	-	36,720	\$0.90	June 5, 2022
	-	8,258	\$0.90	September 25, 2022
	39,666	39,666	\$0.75	December 20, 2023
	141,634	-	\$0.75	January 7, 2024
	9,255,369	7,250,617		

⁽¹⁾ During the period ended September 30, 2022, the expiry date on these warrants were extended for one additional year.

The fair value of finders' warrants issued was estimated as at private placement closing date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Risk-free interest rate	1.07%	0.93%
Expected life (years)	2.0	2.0
Annualized volatility	147.39%	145.61%
Expected dividends	-	-
Exercise price	\$0.05	\$0.05
Fair value	\$0.03	\$0.03

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

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14. Commitments

On September 1, 2020, the Company entered into a Joint Venture Agreement (“JV Agreement”) with Biologic Publishing Inc. (“Biologic”) to form a joint venture for the purpose of further developing and pursuing phase 2 clinical studies, utilizing one of Biologic’s patented technologies as a candidate for the potential COVID-19 treatment.

The Company will own 16% of the joint venture and Biologic will own 82% of the joint venture with the remaining 2% ownership assigned to key personnel within Biologic at their discretion.

The Company will invest \$500,000 into the joint venture for the purposes of preparing documentation for submission to Health Canada and/or the United States Food and Drug Administration for a clinical trial as well as conducting a parallel in-vitro study in conjunction with a clinical study conducted by Health Canada. The Company will earn into the 16% ownership of the joint venture upon payment of the \$500,000, to be made in five equal tranches as follows:

\$100,000 by December 15, 2020 (*not met*)

\$100,000 by January 15, 2021 (*not met*)

\$100,000 by February 15, 2021 (*not met*)

\$100,000 by March 15, 2021; and (*not met*)

\$100,000 by April 30, 2021 (*not met*).

The Company shall issue 350,000 common shares to Biologic and 500,000 stock options individuals of Biologic and a consultant of the Company on closing of the JV Agreement. Each option will be exercisable into one option at the current market price for 18 months from issuance.

On October 27, 2020, the Company granted 500,000 stock options to individuals of Biologic and a consultant of the Company. The options were granted at an exercise price of \$0.10 for a period of five (5) years, vesting immediately and expiring October 27, 2025 with an estimated fair market value of \$19,575.

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company made a payment of \$5,000 towards the JV Agreement with Biologic. During the period ended September 30, 2022, \$Nil (2021 - \$17,000) payment was made towards the JV Agreement recorded in advances, prepaids and deposits. As of the date of these financials, the Company has made no additional payments towards the terms of the JV Agreement and no formal amendments to the agreement have been made.

As at September 30, 2022, the Company reached an agreement with Biologic to terminate the agreement with Plasm Pharmaceutical and is negotiating a compensation package for work done to date pursuing a potential treatment for Covid with the target drug Cavaltinib.

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

15. Capital Disclosure

The capital structure of the Company consists of equity attributable to common shareholders, comprising issued share capital, subscriptions received, reserves and deficit. The Company's objectives when managing capital are to: (i) preserve capital, (ii) obtain the best available net return and (iii) maintain liquidity. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares, issue new debt, or acquire or dispose of assets. The Company's policy is to invest its excess cash in highly-liquid, guaranteed, bank-sponsored instruments.

There were no significant changes in the Company's approach or objectives and policies for managing its capital during the period ended September 30, 2022 and the year ended December 31, 2021. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital restrictions.

16. Income Taxes

The Company's combined statutory tax rate is currently at 27% (2020 - 27%), reflecting a combined federal corporate tax rate of 15% and BC corporate tax rate of 12%. A reconciliation of income tax provisions computed at Canadian statutory rates to the reported income tax provision is provided as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Loss before income taxes	\$ (3,141,931)	\$ (4,659,642)
Expected income tax recovery	(848,321)	(1,258,103)
Adjustment resulting from		
Non-deductible items	279	102,144
Other	79,754	40,805
Share issuance costs	(18,712)	-
Under/over provided in prior years	-	(10,641)
Change in unrecognized temporary differences	787,000	1,125,795
Expected income tax recovery	\$ -	\$ -

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

16. Income Taxes (Continued)

The Significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets that have not been included on the consolidated statement of financial position are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Property and equipment	\$ 22,000	\$ (122,000)
Intangible assets	41,000	33,000
Share issuance costs	40,000	39,000
Debt with accretion	360,000	401,000
Non-capital losses	8,559,000	7,884,000
Total deferred tax assets	9,022,000	8,235,000
Unrecognized deferred tax assets	(9,022,000)	(8,235,000)
Net deferred tax assets	\$ -	\$ -

The significant components of the Company's temporary differences, unused tax credits and unused tax losses that have not been included on the consolidated statement of financial position are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	Expiry date range	December 31, 2020	Expiry date range
Property and equipment	\$ 80,000	No expiry	\$ (452,000)	No expiry
Intangible assets	150,000	No expiry	121,000	No expiry
Share issuance costs	149,000	2042 to 2045	144,000	2041 to 2044
Debt with accretion	1,332,000	No expiry	1,485,000	No expiry
Non-capital losses	31,702,000	2027 to 2041	29,199,000	2027 to 2040

Tax attributed are subject to review, and potential adjustments, by tax authorities.

17. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Non-cash items		
Shares issued for settlement of debt	\$ -	\$ 145,843
Equipment disposed for settlement of lease liability	\$ 299,217	\$ -
Property and equipment additions included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ -	\$ -
Interest and taxes paid		
Interest paid on short-term loan	\$ 36,393	\$ 8,333
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -

Naturally Splendid Enterprises Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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18. Contingent Liabilities

During the year ended December 31, 2018, a claim was made against the Company by a hemp seed supplier for breach of a service and supply agreement. The Company was required to pay \$24,918. As at September 30, 2022, a balance of \$8,500 is outstanding. This amount is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities as at September 30, 2022.

During the year ended December 31, 2019, a claim was made against the Company by an entity for trademark infringement and false designation of origin. On January 22, 2021, the Canadian federal court ruled in favor of the plaintiff and rejected the Company's trademark application. The Company was ordered to pay costs of \$4,500. As at September 30, 2022, this amount had not been accrued by the Company.

During the year ended December 31, 2018, a claim was made by a supplier for breach of contract. Naturally Splendid has made a counterclaim against this supplier for loss of revenue as a result of breach of contract by not fulfilling orders. As at September 30, 2022, the Company and the Company's legal counsel is currently in process of defending this claim. An estimate of the contingent liabilities and likelihood of loss is unable to be determined at this time and no loss provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements. The Company intends to vigorously defend this claim. Should an adverse outcome result in the future, any amounts incurred may affect future results of operations and cash flows. As at September 30, 2022, the outcome and amount is uncertain. The Company has not made any accrual for this as at September 30, 2022.

In January 2021, a customer of the Company provided a notice of termination of manufacturing and supply agreement. The Company was given 60-day notice to pay outstanding balances of \$198,061. This amount remains unpaid to date. As at September 30, 2022, this amount is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

During the year ended December 31, 2019, a customer made a claim against the Company of \$104,000 for payment of products sold as a part of a Naturally Splendid acquisition. Naturally Splendid responded to the claim stating that it would pursue all means necessary to defend this claim. Naturally Splendid has not heard back from the customer for over 1 year. As at September 30, 2022, this amount is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

19. Segmented Information

The Company has one reportable operating segment, the sale of natural food and ingredients to commercial processors and consumers. All the Company's long-term assets are located in Canada.

20. Government Assistance

During the period ended September 30, 2022, the Company received the government wage subsidy of \$Nil (year ended December 31, 2021 - \$469,1454) recorded as a reduction to salaries in facility expenses and office, rent and salaries.

21. Subsequent Events

Any subsequent events have been reflected in the Management Commentary of the MD&A Q3, 2022.